

COURSE UNIT DESCRIPTION FOR MEDICAL STUDENTS IN LABORATORY MEDICINE

Course unit (module) title	Code
Laboratory medicine	

Lecturer(s)	Department(s) where the course unit (module) is d ered
Coordinator:	Vilnius University, Eaculty of Medicine
Other(s):	Institute of Biomedical Sciences,
Assoc. Prof. Rėda Matuzevičienė,	Department of Physiology, Biochemistry, Microbiolog
Assoc. Prof. Loreta Bagdonaitė,	Laboratory Medicine,
Assoc. Prof. Silvija Kiverytė,	M.K. Čiurlionio str. 21,
Asst. Prof. Valdas Banys,	LT-03101, Vilnius
Dr. Vytautas Žėkas,	
Aleksandr Lapšinov.	

Study cycle	Type of the course unit (module)
Integrated studies (Ist and IInd stage)	Compulsory

Mode of delivery	Period when the course unit (mod- ule) is delivered	Language(s) of instruction
Lectures and seminars in auditorium	VII-th semester	Lithuanian and English

Requirements for	or students
Prerequisites: A student must have completed the following courses: Human anatomy (ZMAN2115, ZMAN2215, ZMAN2315), Human histology (ZMHI2115, ZMHI2215, ZMHI2315), General and human biology (BZBI1112), General and human genetics (BZGE2112), General and bioorganic chemistry (CHEM1112), Human physiology (ZEIZ2115, ZEIZ2215)	Additional requirements (if any): None
(CHEM1112), Human physiology (ZFIZ2113, ZFIZ2213), Biochemistry (BIOC2115, BIOC2215), Microbiology (MMIK2115, MMIK2215), Pathology (PATO2115, PATO2215), Pharmacology (FARM2115, FARM2215), Fun- damentals of clinical oncology and cancer biology (KONK3115).	

Course (module) volume in cred- its	Total student's workload	Contact hours	Self-study hours
5	135	68	67

Purpose of the course unit (module): programme competences to be	e developed
The purpose is to develop an understanding of basic laborato the performance. To train to evaluate and interpret basic laborato	bry tests in the diagnosis of various pratory tests.	diseases, influence of variab
Learning outcomes of the course unit (module)	Teaching and learning meth- ods	Assessment methods
Generic competences		
Professional Ethics and Communication skills develop- ment: To act fairly and according to ethical obligations, apply good medical practice principles at work, be emphatic, to think critically and self-critically, be creative, take the ini- tiative, goal-driven, to communicate with other profession- als in timely manner.	Lectures and seminars in audi- torium; Exercises and tutorials in audi- toriums and laboratories.	Tests, topics and tasks of open/closed type. Presentati scientific article.
Critical assessment of own competencies: To make an assessment within the limits of own competence and, if necessary, ask for help, to act in new situations and adapt to them, to act independently, to solve problems, to make decisions, to work with specialists of other fields, be able of planning and organising activities.	Lectures and seminars in audi- torium; Exercises and tutorials in audi- toriums and laboratories.	Tests, topics and tasks of open/closed type. Presentati Clinical rounds.
Subject-specific competences		
Assessment of clinical signs, ordering tests, differential diagnostics and preparation of the monitoring plan: To recognise and assess the severity of clinical signs, order required tests and interpret their results, carry out differential diagnostics, prepare the relevant patient monitoring plan.	Lectures and seminars in audi- torium; Exercises and tutorials in audi- toriums and laboratories; Problem oriented learning.	Tests, topics and tasks of open/closed type.
Efficient communication in medical practice: To communicate with patients, colleagues, relatives of pa- tients, disabled people.	Lectures and seminars in audi- torium; Exercises and tutorials in audi- toriums and laboratories.	Tests, topics and tasks of open/closed type. Presentati Clinical rounds.
Application of evidence-based medical principles, skills and knowledge: To use scientifically-based evidence in practice, to search for the relevant literature, critically assess published medi- cal literature.	Lectures and seminars in audi- torium; Exercises and tutorials in audi- toriums and laboratories; Problem oriented learning.	Presentation, scientific artic

Efficient use of information and information technolo- gies in medical practice: To properly and completely produce and store medical doc- umentation, use computers, search for sources of literature, store and update information.	Lectures and seminars in audi- torium; Exercises and tutorials in audi- toriums and laboratories; Problem oriented learning.	Tests, topics and tasks of open/closed type. Presentati scientific article.
Ability to apply scientific principles, methods and knowledge in medical practice and research: To apply scientific principles, methods and knowledge in medical practice and research.	Lectures and seminars in audi- torium; Exercises and tutorials in audi- toriums and laboratories, self- study.	Presentation, scientific artic

			Con	tact l	hour	5		Se	lf-study work: time and assignments
Content: breakdown of the topics	Le ct ur es	Tu tor ial s	Se mi na rs	Ex er- cis es	La bo ra- tor y w or k	Int er ns hi p/ w or k pl ac e m en t	Co nt act ho ur s	Sel f- stu dy ho ur s	Assignments
Laboratory medicine in the personalized medicine era.	2								
Liver functions and the importance of their assessment for diagnosis. Liver syndromes. Differential laboratory diagnosis of jaundice. Bilirubin metabolism, its markers and their interpretation. Enzymatic laboratory diagnos- tics of Liver diseases.			2	2					Self-study and preparation to a seminars and labora- tory work about Liver functions and Liver syndromes, Bilirubin metabo- lism; Jaundice dif- ferential diagnosis.
Plasma proteins and their clinical interpreta- tion. Microalbuminuria. Nitrogenous com- pounds (BUN).			2	2					

Human plasma lipids, lipoproteins: turnover, detection principles. Dyslipoproteinemia and its laboratory diagnosis. Cardiac markers and laboratory diagnosis of myocardial infarction.		2	2			Self-study and preparation to a seminars and labora- tory work about Atherosclerotic pro- cess biochemistry and principles of la- boratory diagnosis and Human plasma lipids, lipoproteins: turnover, detection principles; Dyslipo- proteinemia and its laboratory diagnosis.
Blood glucose determination. Glucose toler- ance test. Glycosylated hemoglobin. Labora- tory Diagnosis of Diabetes Mellitus.		2	2			Self-study and preparation to a seminars and labora- tory work about Carbohydrate methabolism and Laboratory Diagno- sis of Diabetes Mellitus.
Disbalance of acid-base and electrolytes - practical application in diagnosis of emer- gency conditions.		2	2			Self-study and preparation to a seminars and labora- tory work about Cardiac markers and laboratory diagnosis of myocardial in- farction; Disbalance of acid-base and electrolytes - practi- cal application in di- agnosis of emer- gency conditions.
Laboratory diagnosis of coagulation disor- ders. Coagulation parameters and their clini- cal interpretation, evaluation of anticoagulant treatment efficacy.		2	2			Self-study and preparation to a seminars and labora- tory work about Co- agulation parameters and their clinical in- terpretation.

Principles of laboratory hematology investi- gation. Automated CBC and its interpreta- tion. Blood smear cytology and its interpreta- tion. Laboratory evaluation and clinical inter- pretation of red blood cell indices. Labora- tory diagnosis of anemia.		4	4				Self-study and preparation to a seminars and labora- tory work about Au- tomated CBC and its interpretation; Blood smear cytology and its interpretation. Reticulocytes and its assessement; ESR and its clinical sig- nificance.
Laboratory evaluation and clinical interpreta- tion of leukocyte and platelet indices. Labor- atory diagnosis of acute leukemias. Labora- tory diagnosis of chronic leukemias.		4	4				Self-study and prep- aration to a seminars and laboratory work about evaluation and clinical interpreta- tion of Red blood cell indices; Labora- tory diagnosis of anemia.
Laboratory urine analysis. Cytological study of the body fluids and tissue.		4	4				Self-study and preparation to a seminars and labora- tory work about La- boratory urine anal- ysis, body tissue and fluid cytological analysis and inter- pretation.
Clinical microbiology. Antimicrobial suscep- tibility testing and interpretation. Laboratory diagnostic principles of infection.		4	4				
Laboratory immunology. Laboratory diag- nostics of autoimmune diseases. Laboratory testing of immune status.		2	2				Self-study and preparation to a seminars and labora- tory work about La- boratory immunol- ogy test interpreta- tion.
Tutorial		2					
lš viso	2	34	32		68	67	

Assessment strategy	Weight, %	Deadline	Assessment criteria
Exam in writing	100%	During exam session	Exam consists of open questions, each question is scored vidually, and then average total score is produced. Exam is assessed in 10 point scale according to the syste proved by VU regulations.

Author	Year of publi- ca- tion	Title	Issue of a pe- riodical or volume of a publication	Publishing place and house or web link
Compulsory reading				
Richard A. McPherson, MD, MSc and Matthew R. Pincus, MD, PhD	2022	Henry's Clinical Diagnosis and Management by Labor- atory Methods	24th Edition	Elsevier
Optional reading				
Michael Laposata	2019	Laboratory Medicine: The Diagnosis of Disease in the Clinical Laboratory	3rd Edition	McGraw-Hill Education
Carl A. Burtis, PhD, Edward R. Ashwood, MD and David E. Bruns, MD	2018	Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics	6th Edition	Saunders