

COURSE UNIT (MODULE) DESCRIPTION

Course unit (module) title	Code
Multimodal research in Voice-Over	

Annotation

This module is dedicated to a discussion on how to engage in multimodal translation research: how traditional research methods can be adapted and what kinds of novel approaches can be adopted or developed in order to deal with a diversity of multimodal data.

Multimodality aims to redress the traditional displacement of language from other kinds of meaning-making resources in a range of communicative encounters. The study of multimodal phenomena calls upon translation scholars to cross disciplinary boundaries and adopt a range of theoretical and methodological approaches. The diversity of the multimodal landscape brings about research challenges that must be carefully addressed to ensure that these research efforts yield useful and credible results.

Lecturer(s)	Department(s) where the course unit (module) is
	delivered
Coordinator: Prof. Dr. Loreta Huber	Kaunas Faculty
	Institute of Language, Literature and Translation Studies
Other(s): Prof. Dr. Anna Matamala Ripol	Muitinės str. 12
	LT-44280 Kaunas

Study cycle	Type of the course unit (module)
Second cycle	Obligatory or Subject of individual studies

Mode of delivery	Period when the course unit (module) is delivered	Language(s) of instruction
Lectures/ consultations/seminars	Spring semester (1st year)	English

Requirements for students						
Prerequisites: Additional requirements (if any):						
Theories of translation;						
Translation technologies;						
Analysis of polysemiotic texts						

Course (module) volume in credits	Total student's workload	Contact hours	Self-study hours
5	133	50	83

Purpose of the course unit (module): programme competences to be developed

Multimodality is a theory of communication and social semiotics. Multimodality describes communication practices in terms of the textual, aural, linguistic, spatial, and visual resources - or modes - used to compose

messages (Murray, Joddy (2013). Multimodality is the use of several modes (media) to create a single artefact. The collection of these modes or elements contributes to how multimodality affects different rhetorical situations, or the ability to increase the audience's idea or concept. As an interdisciplinary field of study, the course encompasses the study of culture, audio-visual communication, and social systems at the local, national, and global levels, and examines identity, culture, and translation technologies in voice-over as they relate to translation.

The purpose of the module is to develop the skills of selection of translation strategies and aspects, taking into account the genre and nature of the text, teamwork, multilingual translation of voice-over, tools in voice-over; summarizing the theoretical and practical knowledge of voice-over translation, reveal its links with general communication processes.

Learning outcomes of the course unit (module)	Teaching and learning methods	Assessment methods
Having completed the course the Master student will: be able to analyse films or other audiovisual products with overlay translation, by taking into account the translation strategies and special text compression requirements and multimodality principles.	Lectures, seminars. Research methods: performance of individual assignments; preparation and presentation on a chosen topic.	Cumulative assessment: active and constructive participation in discussions, quality in performing theoretical and practical assignments, their presentation (homework, work in classroom), project-report, exam)
be able to create and convey multimodal text in another language, understand the connections between the information conveyed through verbal, audio and visual text and the influence of culture on the construction of meaning in multimedia; and analyse it by using an interdisciplinary critical approach. be able to independently formulate the interdisciplinary problem of audiovisual translation research, and creatively apply	Lectures, seminars. Research methods: performance of individual assignments; preparation and presentation on a chosen topic.	Cumulative assessment: active and constructive participation in discussions, quality in performing theoretical and practical assignments, their presentation (homework, work in classroom), project-report, exam)
theories and approaches to research in translation. be able to analyse, synthesise and evaluate empirical research data required for studies, research, professional activities and innovation.	T. d. and T. d.	
be able to analyse research data required for studies, research, professional activities and innovation, by integrating the acquired knowledge, to identify and evaluate the interrelationships of research phenomena, make responsible decisions in a complex and everchanging social, economic, technological and cultural environment, and guide their own learning and research towards future needs.	Lectures, seminars. Research methods: performance of individual assignments; preparation and presentation on a chosen topic.	Cumulative assessment: active and constructive participation in discussions, quality in performing theoretical and practical assignments, their presentation (homework, work in classroom), project-report, exam)
be able be to independently organise and plan their own multifaceted process of translation of audiovisual works and that of others, and independently choose areas for improvement and continuous learning.		

Content: breakdown of the topics	Contact hours	Self-study work: time and assignments
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	Lectures	Tutorials	Seminars	Exercises	Laboratory work	Internship/work placement	Contact hours	Self-study hours	Assignments
1. Introduction to voice-over translation. Brief history of voice-over translation development. International organizations that use translation services. Online Voice-over translation (Live interpreting for Eurovision). Voice-over translation in the age of digital communication and needs of the market. Voice-over translation in the context of translation o. Voice-over translation and translation projects.	4		8				12	25	problem-based instruction; individual reading. Individual and Group projects.
2. Synchronies in AVT and voice-over. Review of the opportunities to translate the text aiming for voice-over: strategies of text compression and principles of multimodality. Opportunities to adapt audiovisual production for people with visual disabilities. Questions discussed: How can research into languages and cultures: Contribute to our understanding of, and progress in, international diplomacy and engagement in the context of increasingly multi-polar interactions and emergent global and inter-regional relations? Specificities of audio-visual communication. The ability to transmit ideas, problems and solutions within the field of audiovisual communication.	2		4				6	8	"The semiotic Ladscape: language and visual communication" in Gunther Kress Reading Images: The Grammar of Visual Design Routledge 2021 Available via e-brary. Individual and group projects
3.Information and communication technology innovations: radical and disruptive? Electronic tools and technologies used in professional translator activities: opportunities and Limitations. Compatibility of electronic tools. Essential Differences Between Electronic Tools and Human Work Activities. Questions to be discussed: Information and communication technology innovations (ICT) are considered to be of central importance to social and economic developments. Various innovation theories offer classifications to predict and assess their impact. AI in Multimodal communication.	4		8				12	18	problem-based instruction; individual reading: Munkova, D., Munk, M., Welnitzova, K., & Jakabovicova, J. (2021). Product and Process Analysis of Machine Translation into the Inflectional Language. SAGE. Open, 11(4). Product and Process Analysis of Machine Translation into the Inflectional Language - Dasa Munkova, Michal Munk, Katarina Welnitzova, Johanna Jakabovicova, 2021 (sagepub.com)

4. Multimodal texts, challenges of translation and voice-over observing synchronies; disputes how to translate and broadcast voiced texts into multi-language cultures, taking responsibility for the links between verbal, audio, and visual information and the impact of culture on constructing value in a multi-media environment. Cultural references in the text. Using AI in AVT	2		4		6	12	Individual and Group projects problem-based instruction; individual reading; case studies. Individual and group projects Video forum: Using AI in AVT - What works and what doesn't: Limecraft
5. Why methods matter: Approaching multimodality in translation research. Multimodal research in voice-over.	4	2	8		12	20	problem-based instruction; individual reading; case studies. Individual and group projects
Total	16	2	32		50	83	

Assessment strategy	Weight,%	Deadline	Assessment criteria
Examination	40%	June	The examination consists of closed (multiple choice) questions
			(up to 8) and open-ended (up to 5) of various difficulty
			(requesting answers that demonstrate either understanding or
			evaluation) with different evaluation.
			Closed questions are evaluated by 0,5-point, open-ended
			questions are evaluated according to their complexity.
			The examination is evaluated as follows:
			10: all closed questions are answered, answers to open-ended
			questions explicitly and critically discuss concepts, academic
			discussion on the problem is generalized, the study material is
			critically reflected and interpreted, arguments for opinions and
			attitudes towards the discussed phenomena are provided.
			9: 1-2 closed questions are not answered, answers to open-ended
			questions explicitly and critically discuss concepts, academic
			discussion on the problem is generalized, the study material is
			critically reflected and interpreted, arguments for attitudes
			towards the discussed phenomena are provided but they contain
			some minor failures or inadequacies in terminology or
			explanations of the concepts lack explicitness and clarity.
			8: 3-4 closed questions are not answered, answers to open-ended
			questions lack explicitness but are logical and coherently
			discussed, academic discussion on the problem is critically
			reflected and interpreted, arguments for attitudes towards the
			discussed phenomena are insufficiently developed, there are
			inadequacies in terminology or explanations of the concepts lack
			explicitness and clarity or one open-ended question is not
			answered at all or 1-2 questions are not fully answered.
			7: 5-6 closed questions are not answered, not all concepts are
			explicitly described and analysed, the generalization of the
			academic discussion, attitudes to the phenomena lack a critical
			and analytical approach or 2 open-ended questions are not
			answered or 3-4 are not fully answered.
			6: 7-8 closed questions are not answered, not all concepts are
			explicitly described and analysed, some authors are referred but
			their ideas are just reiterated rather than reflected, attitudes are

Project	30%	9 week	not argued, 3 open-ended questions are not answered or all are not fully answered. 5: none of closed questions are answered, just 2 open-ended questions are answered but the concepts are uncritically described without demonstrating understanding, attitudes towards the phenomena are not argued, ideas are uncritically described or study material is repeated in them. 4-0: none of closed questions are answered, just 1 open-ended question is answered by demonstrating attitudes towards the phenomena which are not argued, terms are incorrectly used, knowledge on the subject is not revealed. You will be required to decide upon an empirical project by a particular time (2 nd week). The project is evaluated as follows: Structure and scope: the project has a clear and logical structure, the novelty and importance is highlighted. APA formatting guidelines should be used. Content and form of the project: PPT/PPTX/Prezi. Data analysis is explicit, coherent and grounded on prior research, reveals the main problems, methods of their identification and fields for analysis, conclusions are logical and formulated from the empirical data, discussed in the light of prior research, tendencies in multimodal research/ typical models (3 points); if data analysis is made but discussion and conclusions
			points); if data analysis is made but discussion and conclusions are not reasoned - 2 points; if data analysis is made but is incomplete, discussion and conclusions are not reasoned - 1 point; superficial analysis is worth 0 point. Presentation of the project results: the presentation reveals work
			methods and results, peculiarities of organizational activities, identified problem(s) or good practices, reflects on the findings from a theoretical perspective; presentation demonstrates the author's knowledge on the topic/problem/solutions; during the presentation eye contact with the audience is maintained,
			questions are answered, time limit is kept, the speech is clear (0.5 point). If the project is not presented - 0 point.
1 report	20%	16 week	Individual report is evaluated as follows: Structure and scope: A report differs from an essay in that a report: presents information, not an argument is meant to be scanned quickly by the reader; uses numbered headings and subheadings; uses short, concise paragraphs and dot-points where applicable; uses graphics wherever possible (tables, graphs, illustrations); may need an abstract (sometimes called an executive summary); does not always need references and bibliography; is often followed by recommendations and/or appendices. A report should include the following sections: (Sections marked with an asterisk (*) are essential: others are optional depending on the type, length and purpose of the report.): Letter of transmittal; Title page*; Table of contents; List of abbreviations and/or glossary; Executive summary/abstract; Introduction*; Body*; Conclusion*; Recommendations; Bibliography; Appendices. The work has a clear and logical structure, all parts such as introduction with the aim, objectives, methods described, empirical data and its analysis, discussion and conclusions with managerial implications; the work is 5-8 pages; references are properly used; phrasing and writing style are academic (1 point).

			Content of the work: Data analysis is explicit, coherent and grounded on prior research, reveals the main organizational		
			problems, methods of their identification and fields for		
			improvement, conclusions are logical and formulated from the		
			empirical data, discussed in the light of prior research, tendencies		
			in social life/ typical models (2 points); if data analysis is made		
			but is incomplete, discussion and conclusions are not reasoned –		
			1 point; superficial analysis is worth 0 point.		
			Presentation of the project results: the presentation reveals work		
			methods and results, peculiarities of organizational activities,		
			identified problem(s) or good practices, reflects on the findings		
			from a theoretical perspective; presentation demonstrates the		
			author's knowledge on the topic/problem/solutions; during the		
			presentation eye contact with the audience is maintained,		
			questions are answered, time limit is kept, the speech is clear (0,5		
			point). If the work is not presented – 0 point.		
Participation and	10%	During the	1: a student actively participates in discussions, answers questions		
involvement in the		semester	and reasons them with knowledge, problems are clearly		
seminars where the results			formulated and questions to the peers are asked, constructive		
of individual and			comments are made, presentations are made on the given topic.		
collective projects are			0.5: a student participates in discussions and answers the		
revealed			questions.		
			0: a student is present in class but does not participate in		
			discussions or misses 1/3 of the seminars.		

Author	Year of publication	Title	Issue of a periodical or volume of a publication	Publishing place and house or web link					
Compulsary	Compulsary reading								
Valdeon, A. Roberto	2022	Latest trends in audiovisual translation	Studies in Translation Theory and Practice Volume 30, 2022 - Issue 3: Latest trends in audiovisual translation	Taylor and Francis online https://doi.org/10. 1080/0907676X.2 022.2069226					
Gunther Kress	2021	Reading Images: The Grammar of Visual Design		Routledge					
Bogucki, Ł., Deckert, M. (Eds.)	2020	The Palgrave Handbook of Audiovisual Translation and Media Accessibility	eBook ISBN 978-3-030-42105-2 DOI 10.1007/978-3-030-42105- 2	Palgrave Macmillan: Studies in Translating and Interpreting					
Dicerto, S.	2018	Multimodal Pragmatics and Translation. A New Model for Source Text Analysis	eBook ISBN 978-3-319-69344-6 DOI 10.1007/978-3-319-69344- 6	Palgrave Macmillan: Studies in Translating and Interpreting					
Tuominen, T., Jiménez Hurtado, C., Ketola, A.	2018	Why methods matter: Approaching multimodality in translation research. Linguistica Antverpiensia, New Series: Themes in Translation Studies, 17, 1–21.	Linguistica Antverpiensia, New Series: Themes in Translation Studies, 17, 1– 21.	195260883.pdf (core.ac.uk)					
Sappa, A. D.; Vitrià, J.	2013	Multimodal Interaction in Image and Video Applications	e-book ISBN 978-3-642-35932-3 DOI: 10.1007/978-3-642-	Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg					

			35932-3					
Optional rea	Optional reading							
Tuominen, T., Jiménez Hurtado, C., Ketola, A.	2018	Why methods matter: Approaching multimodality in translation research. Linguistica Antverpiensia, New Series: Themes in Translation Studies, 17, 1–21.	Linguistica Antverpiensia, New Series: Themes in Translation Studies, 17, 1– 21.	195260883.pdf (core.ac.uk)				
Mikolaj D.	2017	Audiovisual Translation Research and Use		Peter Lang AG				
Dash, A. K. & Priyadarshi P. Dechert, A.	2016	A multimodal discourse analysis of glocalization and cultural identity in three Indian TV commercials. Discourse & Communication 10(3). 209–234. A case of asynchronous media change in the 1950s: How US-American TV series came to early West German television. Global Media Journal 6(2). 1–14.	https://doi.org/10.1177/175 0481315623892. Search in Google Scholar https://urn.nb.no/URN:nbn :de:gbv:547- 201600620. Search in Google Scholar					
Burczynska, P.	2012	Multimodality and Audiovisual Translation		Lambert				
Franco, Eliana et al.	2012	Voice-over Translation: An overview	http://www.peterlang.com/ index.cfm?event=cmp.ccc. seitenstruktur.detailseiten &seitentyp=produkt&pk=5 4681&cid=793	Peter Lang				